

AHRQ	GAPS
(i) Death;	Death
(ii) Severe Permanent Harm - Severe lifelong bodily or psychological injury or disfigurement;	Sever permanent harm-critical, life-changing harm with no expected change in clinical statuts
(iii) Permanent Harm - Lifelong bodily or psychological injury or increased susceptibility to disease;	Moderate permanent harm- significant harm with no expected change in clinic condition yet does not impact ADLs or business functioning
(iv) Temporary Harm - Bodily or psychological injury, but likely not permanent;	Sever temporary harm- critical, potentially life-threatening harm with no permanent residual. Requires transfer to higher level of care or additional treatment
(v) Additional Treatment - Injury limited to additional intervention during admission but no other injury;	Moderate temporary harm- significant harm that is not permanent but requires higher level of care or additional treatment
(vi) Emotional Distress or Inconvenience - Mild and transient anxiety or pain or physical discomfort;	Minimal permanent harm- minor harm with no expected change in clinical status
(vii) No Harm - Reached patient, but no harm was evident;	Minimal temporary harm- minor harm that is not permanent
(viii) Near Miss - Event occurred but did not reach patient;	No detectable harm- deviation reached patient without ability to determine existence or fact of harm
(ix) Unsafe Condition - Any circumstance that increases the probability of a patient safety event.	No harm- deviation reached patient but harm did not occur
	Unplanned barrier catch- normal error detection barriers did not catch error but deviation did not reach patient
	Last strong barrier catch- error was not detected until the last strong error detection barrier designed in the system
	Early barrier catch- error caught by an early error detection barrier designed into the system