PROPOSED RULE MAKING



CR-102 (June 2024) (Implements RCW 34.05.320)

Do **NOT** use for expedited rule making

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DATE: August 08, 2024

TIME: 8:06 AM

WSR 24-17-002

Agency: Department of Health – Pharmacy Quality Assurance Commission					
□ Original Notice □					
☐ Supplemental Noti	ice to WSR				
☐ Continuance of W	SR				
☑ Preproposal State	ment of Inq	uiry was filed as WSR 23-23-051	; or		
☐ Expedited Rule Ma	kingProp	osed notice was filed as WSR	; or		
☐ Proposal is exemp	t under RC	CW 34.05.310(4) or 34.05.330(1); or	•		
☐ Proposal is exemp		·			
(commission) is propos	sing to ame	nd WAC 246-945-345 and add a ne	rs. The Pharmacy Quality Assurance Commission w section WAC 246-945-346 in chapter 246-945 WAC and controlled substance prescription transfers upon		
Hearing location(s):					
Date:	Time:	Location: (be specific)	Comment:		
10/10/2024	1:30 pm	Physical Location: Department of Labor & Industries Room S117/118 7273 Linderson Way SW Tumwater, WA 98501 Virtual Location: Zoom # 871 4349 5001 Please download and import the following iCalendar (.ics) fields to your calendar system. https://us02web.zoom.us/webinar /tZwvcu- orjooGdL0ucE3WWkJLsRorLzko _bx/ics?icsToken=98tyKuGgrD4s GtsUshqBRpw- Al_4M_TziH5BjadxzArmJnNkVQj cGvFwPaBTCtPf Topic: PQAC Business Meeting 2024 To access the meeting on August 22, 2024 at 9 a.m., go to https://zoom.us/join or https://zoom.us/join or https://us02web.zoom.us/i/87143	The commission will hold a hybrid hearing. Attendees are welcome to attend either in-person at the physical location or virtual via Zoom.		

495001 and use the Webinar ID 871 4349 5001

The access options include one tap mobile: US:

+12532158782,,86114958466#

12002100102,,0

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+1 386 347 5053 or +1 564 217 2000 or

+1 646 558 8656 or

+1 646 931 3860 or

+1 301 715 8592 or

+1 312 626 6799

Webinar ID: 861 1495 8466

International numbers available: https://us02web.zoom.us/u/kdLN o6unOZ

Date of intended adoption: 10/10/2024 (Note: This is **NOT** the **effective** date)

Submit written comments to: Assistance for persons with disabilities:

Name: Julia Katz

Address: PO Box 47852

Contact: Julia Katz

Phone: 360-502-5058

Olympia, WA 98504-7852

Email: https://fortress.wa.gov/doh/policyreview/ Fax: 360-236-2901

Fax: 360-236-2901 TTY: 711

Other: N/A Email: PharmacyRules@doh.wa.gov

Beginning (date and time): date and time of this filing Other: N/A

By (date and time): 9/25/2024 at midnight | By(date): 10/03/2024

Purpose of the proposal and its anticipated effects, including any changes in existing rules: The purpose of the amended WAC 246-945-345 is to make the fulfillment of patient-requested noncontrolled prescription transfers enforceable by the commission and occur within a set timeframe. Revising "may" to "shall" in WAC 246-945-345(1) will make prescription transfers upon patient request enforceable. Additionally, the time parameter added to WAC 246-945-345(2) will encourage prescription transfers to be conducted in a timely manner. The anticipated effect of the commission's rule is to increase the timeliness of patient access to medication therapy.

The proposed new WAC 246-945-346 applies the same enforceability and time parameters to patient-requested *controlled substance* prescription transfers. Its anticipated effect is also to increase the timeliness of patient access to medication therapy.

Reasons supporting proposal: The commission received feedback from interested parties about challenges obtaining requested prescription transfers permitted by WAC 246-945-345(2) in a timely manner and voted to address the concerns at the March 2, 2023 business meeting. The commission could not hold facilities accountable for the expressed challenges due to the permissive language in WAC 246-945-345. The proposed language will compel compliance among facilities, reducing the challenges faced by some patients requesting a prescription transfer.

Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 18.64.005, 69.41.075, and 69.50.301

Statute being implemented: RCW 18.64.005, 69.41.075, and 69.50.301

Is rule necessary	because of a:				
Federal Lav	v?		□ Yes ⊠ No		
Federal Cou	urt Decision?		□ Yes ⊠ No		
State Court	Decision?		□ Yes ⊠ No		
If yes, CITATION:					
Agency commenmatters: None	ts or recommendation	ns, if any, as to statutory language, implementation, er	forcement, and fiscal		
	ent: (person or organizant: Private. Publi	ation) Pharmacy Quality Assurance Commission ic. ⊠ Governmental.			
Name of agency	personnel responsibl	e for:			
	Name	Office Location	Phone		
Drafting:	Julia Katz	111 Israel Rd SE, Tumwater, WA 98501	360-502-5058		
Implementation:	Julia Katz	111 Israel Rd SE, Tumwater, WA 98501	360-502-5058		
Enforcement:	Marlee O'Neill	111 Israel Rd SE, Tumwater, WA 98501	360-502-5058		
Is a school distric	ct fiscal impact stater	nent required under RCW 28A.305.135?	☐ Yes ⊠ No		
If yes, insert stater	ment here:				
Name Address Phone Fax TTY Email Other		chool district fiscal impact statement by contacting: ler RCW 34.05.328?			
⊠ Yes: A	preliminary cost-benef	it analysis may be obtained by contacting:			
Name: J	ulia Katz				
Address	PO Box 47852, Olyn	npia, WA 98504-7852			
	Phone: 360-502-5058				
Fax: 360-236-2901					
TTY: N/A					
Email: PharmacyRules@doh.wa.gov Other: N/A					
Uther: N/A □ No: Please explain:					
·					
Regulatory Fairness Act and Small Business Economic Impact Statement Note: The Governor's Office for Regulatory Innovation and Assistance (ORIA) provides support in completing this part.					
chapter 19.85 RC\	, or portions of the prop	posal, may be exempt from requirements of the Regulator mation on exemptions, consult the exemption guide publishon(s):			
☐ This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt under RCW 19.85.061 because this rule making is being adopted solely to conform and/or comply with federal statute or regulations. Please cite the specific federal statute or regulation this rule is being adopted to conform or comply with, and describe the consequences to the state if the rule is not adopted.					
Citation and description: This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt because the agency has completed the pilot rule process					
defined by RCW 34.05.313 before filing the notice of this proposed rule.					
☐ This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt under the provisions of RCW 15.65.570(2) because it was adopted by a referendum.					

☐ This rule proposa	l, or portions of the proposal, is exe	empt under <u>R(</u>	CW 19.85.025(3). Check	k all that apply:	
□ RCW 34	1.05.310 (4)(b)		RCW 34.05.310 (4)(e)		
(Interna	government operations)		(Dictated by statute)		
□ RCW 34	4.05.310 (4)(c)		RCW 34.05.310 (4)(f)		
	oration by reference)		(Set or adjust fees)		
□ RCW 34	1 <u>.05.310</u> (4)(d)		RCW 34.05.310 (4)(g)		
	or clarify language)		= .	hearings; or (ii) process	
,	, , ,		,	ing to an agency for a license	
			or permit)	0 0 ,	
☐ This rule proposa	l, or portions of the proposal, is exe	empt under <u>R</u> 0	<u>CW 19.85.025</u> (4). (Does	s not affect small businesses).	
☐ This rule proposa	l, or portions of the proposal, is exe	empt under R0	CW		
Explanation of how the	ne above exemption(s) applies to the	ne proposed ri	ule:		
(2) Scope of exemp	ions: Check one.				
	: Is fully exempt. (Skip section 3.) I	Exemptions id	entified above apply to	all portions of the rule proposal.	
	Is partially exempt. (Complete sec	,	•		
1-	in the entire rule proposal. Provide	,		,	
	Is not exempt. (Complete section	3.) No exemp	tions were identified abo	ove.	
(3) Small business	economic impact statement: Con	nplete this sec	ction if any portion is not	t exempt.	
If any portion of the pon businesses?	roposed rule is not exempt , does	it impose more	e-than-minor costs (as	defined by RCW 19.85.020(2))	
□ No	Briefly summarize the agency's	e minor cost ar	valueis and how the age	ancy determined the proposed	
	e more-than-minor costs.	, minor cost ar	ialysis and now the age	incy determined the proposed	
•	ulations show the rule proposal like	ely imposes m	ore-than-minor cost to b	ousinesses and a small business	
	statement is required. Insert the re-	•			
SECTION 1					
	of the proposed rule including th				
	ule is needed. A description of these that a small business is likely				
	y Assurance Commission (commis				
requested prescriptio	n transfers in a timely manner. Cur	rrently, WAC 2	246-945-345(2) states th	nat upon patient request,	
	e transferred." The term "may" mak				
and promote public h	ealth and safety by ensuring patier	nts' prescriptio	ns are transferred upon	request.	
The proposed rule st	The proposed rule stems from feedback the commission received from interested parties about challenges obtaining				
requested prescription transfers permitted by WAC 246-945-345(2). On March 2, 2023, the commission voted to address the					
expressed concerns. The commission filed a CR-101 as WSR 23-23-051 on November 7, 2023. On May 2, 2024, the					
commission voted to approve the filing of the CR-102.					
The proposed rules are needed to ensure patient-requested prescription transfers are transferred by pharmacies. Amending					
	to state that prescriptions "shall be				
	makes the provision enforceable. The addition of time frames to both chapter 246-945 WAC sections provides a guidance to				
determine complianc	determine compliance with the rules.				
Pharmacies must transfer prescriptions, upon patient request, and must do so within three business days or a time frame that					
does not adversely impact the provision of medication therapy, whichever comes first.					
SECTION 2					
	nmary of which businesses are req	uired to comp	ly with the proposed rul	e using the North American	
	Industry Classification System (NAICS).				
SBEIS Table 1. Summary of Businesses Required to comply to the Proposed Rule					
NAICS Code (4, 5 of			businesses in		
digit)	Description	Washingto		Minor Cost Threshold	

Pharmacies and Drug Stores	267*	\$19,161.74
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*The Employment Security Department (ESD) reported 267 businesses categorized as Pharmacies and Drug Stores, but Department of Health staff reported the number of pharmacies as of April 2024, with 1,283 facilities being standalone pharmacies and 110 facilities being hospital pharmacies.

SECTION 3

Analysis of probable costs of businesses in the industry to comply to the proposed rule and includes the cost of equipment, supplies, labor, professional services, and administrative costs. The analysis considers if compliance with the proposed rule will cause businesses in the industry to lose sales or revenue.

WAC 246-945-345 Noncontrolled prescription transfers

Description: Currently, pharmacies are not required to fulfill noncontrolled prescription transfers requested by patients and while most do, approximately 15% of prescription transfers requested by patients are believed to be unfulfilled. The commission is proposing to amend WAC 246-945-345 to require pharmacies to transfer all noncontrolled prescriptions upon patient request and to do so within three business days of receiving the request or a time frame that does not adversely impact the provision of medication therapy, whichever comes first.

Pharmacy managers will need to apprise pertinent staff of the rule adoption. The content may be supplemental to an existing communication.

The commission assumes that all pharmacies dispensing noncontrolled prescriptions have a fax machine, but should they have to purchase one the cost could be \$200 to \$1,000.1

Pharmacies will need to fulfill all patient-requested noncontrolled prescription transfers within three business days of receiving the request or a time frame that does not adversely impact medication therapy.

Cost(s): Pharmacies will need to communicate with staff the requirement that they must transfer noncontrolled prescriptions upon request and that the transfer must happen within three days of receiving the request, or in a time frame that does not adversely impact the medication therapy. The following cost estimate applies to communications for both WAC 246-945-345 and WAC 246-945-346.

Estimate: The estimated average probable cost is \$150.51 per pharmacy to communicate with its employees these new requirements.

Cost assumptions for estimate:

- In 2024, there are 1,393 active pharmacies and in 2023, there were 5,106 licensed pharmacies and other pharmaceutical firms meaning pharmacies and hospital pharmacies compose 27% of pharmaceutical firms in Washington.2,3
- The average pharmacy in Washington employs 8 pharmacy staff total 1 pharmacy manager, 3 pharmacists, 2 pharmacy technicians, and 2 pharmacy assistants. Therefore, licensed pharmaceutical professions among pharmacies and hospital pharmacies in 2023 included 3.044 pharmacists, 2.703 pharmacy assistants, and 2.507 pharmacy technicians.5
- Commission staff estimate based on consultation with a pharmacist that the communication will require 1 hour of the pharmacy manager's time (\$73.50/hour) to prepare and deliver the content.6

https://www.staples.com/fax+machine/directory_fax%2520machine?autocompletesearchkey=fax%2520machine&algo=y_(visited May 7, 2024).

¹ Staples, Fax Machines,

² L. Faeulund (personal communication, April 3, 2024).

³ Washington State Department of Health, Licensee Counts by Year: Professions. https://view.officeapps.live.com/op/view.aspx?src=https%3A%2F%2Fdoh.wa.gov%2Fsites%2Fdefault%2Ffiles%2F2023-09%2F631106-LicenseeCountsbyProfession.xlsx&wdOrigin=BROWSELINK (visited May 14, 2024).

⁴ 3,044 (pharmacists)/1,393 = 2.2 = 3 average pharmacists per pharmacy; 2,507 (technicians)/1,393 = 1.8 = 2 average assistants per pharmacy; 2,703 (assistants)/1,393 = 1.9 = 2 average technicians per pharmacy; 3+2+2+1 (manager) = 8 employees

⁵ See source #2

⁶ Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics, Health Service Managers, https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes119111.htm (visited May 6, 2024).

• Commission staff estimate based on consultation with a pharmacist that the communication will require15 minutes of time from pharmacists (\$71.42/hour), pharmacy technicians (\$26.63/hour), and pharmacy assistants (\$20.29/hour) to review the communication.^{7,8,9}

Calculations for Estimate:

- 1 hour of a pharmacy manager's time (\$73.50/hour) = \$73.50
- 15 minutes of 1 pharmacist's (\$71.42/hour) time = \$71.42/4 = \$17.85
- 15 minutes of 1 pharmacy technician's (\$26.63/hour) time = \$26.63/4 = \$6.66
- 15 minutes of 1 pharmacy assistant's (\$20.29/hour) time = \$20.29/4 = \$5.07
- 1 hour of the pharmacy manager's time plus 15 minutes of time from 3 pharmacists, 2 pharmacy technicians, and 2 pharmacy assistants = \$73.50+(17.85 x 3)+(6.66 x 2)+(5.07 x 2) = \$150.51

Estimate: \$0 to \$1,303.05 total estimated average probable annual cost per pharmacy to transfer currently unfulfilled noncontrolled prescription transfers requested by patients.

Cost assumptions for estimate:

- An average pharmacy in Washington employs 8 pharmacy staff, 3 of whom are pharmacists.
- Commission staff estimate based on consultation with a pharmacist that pharmacies are fulfilling 85% of patient-requested noncontrolled prescription transfers. There may be pharmacies dispensing noncontrolled prescriptions that receive 0 prescription transfers requested by patients annually.
- Commission staff estimate based on consultation with a pharmacist that each noncontrolled prescription transfer will require 3 to 10 minutes of a pharmacists' time (\$71.42/hour) and that each pharmacy dispensing noncontrolled substances transfers 2 patient requests per workday or 730 transfers annually.^{11, 12} Therefore, it is estimated that an average pharmacy in Washington dispensing noncontrolled prescriptions spends 36.5 to121.7 hours of pharmacist time annually fulfilling patient-requested noncontrolled prescription transfers which is \$2,606.83 to \$8,691.81 in pharmacist time.¹³

Calculations for Estimate:

- 100% requested prescription transfers 85% fulfilled prescription transfers = 15% of prescription transfers go unfulfilled
- 15% unfulfilled prescription transfers x estimated 730 annual transfers = 109.5 unfulfilled noncontrolled prescription transfers
- 3 to 10 minutes of a pharmacists' (\$71.42/hour) time per prescription transfer = \$3.57 (3 minutes) to \$11.90 (10 minutes) cost of a pharmacists' time per noncontrolled prescription transfer
- \$3.57 to \$11.90 cost of a pharmacists' time per noncontrolled prescription transfer x 0 to 109.5 estimated annual unfulfilled noncontrolled prescription transfers = \$0 to \$1,303.05 for pharmacist time to fulfill estimated unfulfilled prescription transfers

Estimate: The commission estimates a negligible annual cost to pharmacies for fulfilling patient-requested noncontrolled prescription transfers within three business days of receiving the request or a time frame that does not adversely impact medication therapy.

Cost assumptions for estimate:

 No additional staff time nor equipment were identified as necessary to comply with the time frame of the proposed rule. However the commission acknowledges that there may be unforeseen negligible administrative costs in this space.

⁷ Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics, Pharmacists, https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes291051.htm (visited May 7, 2024).

⁸ Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics, Pharmacy Technicians, https://www.bls.gov/ooh/healthcare/pharmacy-technicians.htm#tab-5 (visited May 7, 2024).

⁹ Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics, Pharmacy Aides, https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes319095.htm (visited May 7, 2024).

¹⁰ 3,044 (pharmacists)/1,393 = 2.2 = 3 average pharmacists per pharmacy; 2,507 (technicians)/1,393 = 1.8 = 2 average assistants per pharmacy; 2,703 (assistants)/1,393 = 1.9 = 2 average technicians per pharmacy; 3+2+2+1 (manager) = 8 employees

¹¹ Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics, Pharmacists, https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes291051.htm (visited May 7, 2024).

 $^{^{12}}$ 2 (average number of patients requesting transfers per day) x 365 work days per year = 730 average patient transfers per year

 $^{^{13}}$ 730 (average patient transfers annually) x 3 (minutes per transfer) = 2190 minutes annually for transfers; 2190/60 (minutes per hour) = 36.5 hours annually for transfers; \$71.42 (pharmacist average wage) x 36.5 (hours annually for transfers = \$2,606.83 for annual pharmacist time transferring patient-requested noncontrolled prescriptions

WAC 246-945-346 Controlled substance prescription transfers

Description: Pharmacies are not currently required to fulfill controlled prescription transfers requested by patients and while most do, approximately 15% of prescription transfers requested by patients are believed to be unfulfilled. The commission is proposing to add WAC 246-945-346 to require pharmacies to transfer all controlled substance prescriptions upon patient request and to do so within three business days of receiving the request or a time frame that does not adversely impact the provision of medication therapy, whichever comes first.

Pharmacy managers will need to apprise pertinent staff of the rule adoption. The content may be supplemental to an existing communication. See cost estimate above.

The commission assumes all pharmacies transferring controlled prescriptions have electronic medical record systems in accordance with 21 C.F.R. §1306.08 and 21 C.F.R. §1306.25.

Pharmacies will need to fulfill all patient-requested controlled prescription transfers within three business days of receiving the request or a time frame that does not adversely impact medication therapy.

Cost(s): Pharmacies will need to fulfill all controlled prescription transfers requested by patients. Estimate: \$0 to \$11,141.52 total estimated average probable annual cost per pharmacy to transfer currently unfulfilled patient-requested controlled prescriptions in accordance with 21 C.F.R. §1306.08 and 21 C.F.R. §1306.25. Controlled prescription transfers must be communicated via electronic medical record system by licensed pharmacists.¹⁴

Cost assumptions for estimate:

- Assumes an average pharmacy in Washington employs 8 pharmacy staff, 3 of whom are pharmacists based on a calculation vetted by a pharmacist of active pharmacy facility licenses and active pharmacy profession licenses.
- Assumes all pharmacies transferring controlled prescriptions have electronic medical record systems in accordance with 21 C.F.R. §1306.08 and 21 C.F.R. §1306.25.
- Commission staff estimate based on consultation with a pharmacist that pharmacies are fulfilling 85% of patient-requested controlled prescription transfers.
- There may be pharmacies dispensing controlled prescriptions that receive 0 prescription transfers requested by patients annually.
- Commission staff also estimate based on consultation with a pharmacist that each controlled prescription transfer will require 5 to 10 minutes of a pharmacists' time (\$71.42/hour) and that each pharmacy dispensing controlled substances transfers 3 patient-requested controlled prescription transfers an hour or 6,240 transfers annually. Therefore, it is estimated that an average pharmacy in Washington dispensing controlled prescriptions spends 520 to 1,040 hours of pharmacist time fulfilling patient-requested controlled prescription transfers which is \$37.138.40 to \$74,276.80 in pharmacist time annually.

Calculations for Estimate:

- 100% requested prescription transfers 85% fulfilled prescription transfers = 15% of uncontrolled prescription transfers go unfulfilled
- 15% unfulfilled prescription transfers x 6,240 estimated annual transfers = 936 unfulfilled controlled prescription transfers
- 5-10 minutes of a pharmacists' time per prescription transfer x \$71.42 pharmacist hourly wage = \$5.95 (5 minutes) to \$11.90 (10 minutes) cost of a pharmacists' time per controlled prescription transfer
- \$5.95 to \$11.90 cost of a pharmacists' time per prescription transfer x 0-936 estimated annual unfulfilled controlled prescription transfers = \$0 to \$11,141.52 for pharmacist time to fulfill estimated unfulfilled controlled prescription transfers

Estimate: The commission estimates a negligible annual cost to pharmacies for fulfilling patient-requested controlled prescription transfers within three business days of receiving the request or a time frame that does not adversely impact medication therapy.

Cost assumptions for estimate:

No additional staff time nor equipment are necessary to comply with the time frame of the proposed rule. However the commission acknowledges that there may be unforeseen negligible administrative costs in this space.

Summary of all Cost(s)

SBEIS Table 2. Summary of Section 3 probable cost(s)

WAC Section	Description of Cost	Probable Estimated Cost(s)
WAC 246-945-345 & WAC 246- 945-346	Employee notification	\$151 (one-time)
WAC 246-945-345	Employee time	\$0-\$1,303.05 (annually)
WAC 246-945-346	Employee time	\$0-\$11,141.52 (annually)
Total First Year Costs (Range) ^{18, 19}		\$151-\$12,595.57

SECTION 4

Analysis on if the proposed rule may impose more than minor costs for businesses in the industry. Includes a summary of how the costs were calculated.

While the commission has no reason to believe that the cost for business to comply with the proposed rule would exceed the minor cost threshold at the maximum probable cost, the commission was only able to calculate a scenario that produced the average cost of compliance per business. Because the estimate did not include a potential maximum cost of compliance per businesses the commission decided it was most protective to determine that:

Yes, the costs of the proposed rule could be more than the minor cost threshold (\$19,161.74).

Summary of how the costs were calculated

The average probable costs were calculated for pharmacies to comply with the proposed rule under what the commission believes to be a likely scenario for an average pharmacy to comply with the proposed rule. Probable costs affiliated with compliance primarily pertain to staff time and equipment. Average staff wages in Washington state were sourced from data produced by the U.S. Bureau of Labor and Statistics. Additional resources were used to estimate employee quantities and equipment costs. Commission staff, including a Pharmacist Consultant, determined the estimated time and equipment requirements.

SECTION 5

Determination on if the proposed rule may have a disproportionate impact on small businesses as compared to the 10 percent of businesses that are the largest businesses required to comply with the proposed rule.

No, the commission believes the proposed rule does not have a disproportionate impact on small businesses as compared to the 10 percent of businesses that are the largest businesses required to comply with the proposed rule.

The commission believes that there is not a disproportionate impact because costs to comply with the rule are based on # of staff and volume of businesses. The commission anticipates that all businesses will have a scaled impact because the cost will vary depending on size of the business (# of employees) and volume of service.

The public may obtain a copy of the small business economic impact statement or the detailed cost calculations by contacting:

Name: Julia Katz

Address PO Box 47852, Olympia, WA 98504-7852

Phone: 360-502-5058

¹⁴ § 1306.25 - Transfer between pharmacies of prescription information for Schedules III, IV, and V controlled substances for refill purposes, https://www.govregs.com/regulations/21/1306.25 (visited on May 23, 2024).

¹⁵ 3,044 (pharmacists)/1,393 = 2.2 = 3 average pharmacists per pharmacy; 2,507 (technicians)/1,393 = 1.8 = 2 average assistants per pharmacy; 2,703 (assistants)/1,393 = 1.9 = 2 average technicians per pharmacy; 3+2+2+1 (manager) = 8 employees

¹⁶ Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics, Pharmacists, https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes291051.htm (visited May 7, 2024).

¹⁷ 3 (average prescription transfer requests an hour) x 40 hour work week = 120 average prescription transfers per week; 120x 52 (weeks/per) = 6,240 prescription transfers per pharmacy per year

¹⁸ The total reflects a pharmacy that dispenses both controlled and noncontrolled prescriptions.

¹⁹ The low end of the range is calculated by the one-time cost (\$151) plus neither of the annual costs which is applicable to a pharmacy that does not receive prescription transfer requests from patients in the first year. The high end of the range (\$8,448.41) is calculated by adding the one-time cost with the high end costs of each annual cost which is indicative of a pharmacy that currently does not fulfill 15% of prescription transfers requested by patients, all of which take the maximum anticipated time to transfer.

Fax: 360-236-2901

TTY: N/A

Email: PharmacyRules@doh.wa.gov

Other: N/A

Date: 08/07/2024

Name: Hawkins DeFrance, PharmD

Title: Pharmacy Quality Assurance Commission Chair

Signature:

Jawhin Defaue

- WAC 246-945-345 <u>Noncontrolled prescription transfers.</u> (1) ((Subsections (2) through (5) of this section apply to the transfer of prescription information for noncontrolled drugs. The transfer of controlled substance prescription information must conform to the requirements of 21 C.F.R. Sec. 1306.25.
- $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$) Upon <u>request by a patient ((request)) or an authorized representative of a patient</u>, a <u>noncontrolled</u> prescription ((may)) <u>shall</u> be transferred within the limits of state and federal law.
- (2) Pharmacies shall transfer noncontrolled prescription information within three business days of receiving the request or within a time frame that does not adversely impact the provision of medication therapy, whichever comes first.
- (3) Sufficient information needs to be exchanged in the transfer of a <u>noncontrolled</u> prescription to maintain an auditable trail, and all elements of a valid prescription.
- (4) Pharmacies sharing a secure real-time database are not required to transfer <u>noncontrolled</u> prescription information for dispensing.
- (5) <u>Noncontrolled prescriptions</u> must be transferred by electronic means or facsimile, except in emergent situations.

NEW SECTION

WAC 246-945-346 Controlled substance prescription transfers. (1) Upon request by a patient or an authorized representative of the patient, a controlled substance prescription shall be transferred within the limits of state and federal law including, but not limited

to, the requirements of 21 C.F.R. Secs. 1306.08 and 1306.25.

(2) Pharmacies shall transfer controlled substance prescription information within three business days of receiving the request or within a time frame that does not adversely impact the provision of medication therapy, whichever comes first.

[1] OTS-5466.1