

## Washington State Cancer Registry Reportable List Effective January 1, 2025

Exceptions (Not Reportable)
Skin cancer (C440 – C449) with histology 8000-8005, 8010-8046, 8050-8084, 8090-8110 & Squamous intraepithelial neoplasia III (SIN III) (8077) of skin sites coded to (C44) and Basal cell carcinoma (8090-8110).
In situ carcinoma of cervix (/2), any histology, cervical intraepithelial neoplasia (CIN III), or SIN III of the cervix (C530-C539).
Prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia (PIN III) (C619)  Benign and borderline tumors of the cranial bones (C410) are not reportable
Benign and borderline tumors of the peripheral nerves (C47_) are not reportable
Adenocarcinoma in situ, HPV associated (8483/2) (C53)  Colon atypical hyperplasia
High-grade dysplasia in colorectal sites (C180-C189, and C209)

The following are reportable (not a complete list) 1. Lobular carcinoma in situ (LCIS) of breast 2. Intraepithelial neoplasia, high grade, grade II, grade Anal intraepithelial neoplasia II (AIN II) Anal intraepithelial neoplasia III (AIN III) Biliary intraepithelial neoplasia, high grade Differentiated vulvar intraepithelial neoplasia (VIN) Endometrioid intraepithelial neoplasia Esophageal intraepithelial neoplasia (dysplasia), high Glandular intraepithelial neoplasia, high grade Intraductal papillary neoplasm w/high grade intraepithelial neoplasia Intraepithelial neoplasia, grade III Laryngeal intraepithelial neoplasia II (LIN II) Larvngeal intraepithelial neoplasia III (LIN III) Lobular neoplasia grade II (LN II)/lobular intraepithelial neoplasia grade II (LIN II) breast Lobular neoplasia grade III (LN III)/lobular intraepithelial neoplasia grade III (LIN III) breast Pancreatic intraepithelial neoplasia (PanIN II) Pancreatic intraepithelial neoplasia (PanIN III) Penile intraepithelial neoplasia, grade II (PelN II) Penile intraepithelial neoplasia, grade III (PelN III) Squamous intraepithelial neoplasia, grade II excluding cervix (C53\_) and skin sites coded to C44\_ Squamous intraepithelial neoplasia III (SIN III), excluding cervix (C53\_) and skin sites coded to C44\_ Vaginal intraepithelial neoplasia II (VAIN II) Vaginal intraepithelial neoplasia III (VAIN III) Vulvar intraepithelial neoplasia II (VIN II) Vulvar intraepithelial neoplasia III (VIN III) Non-invasive mucinous cystic neoplasm (MCN) of the pancreas w/high grade dysplasia is reportable. For neoplasms of the pancreas, the term MCN w/high grade dysplasia replaces the term mucinous cystadenocarcinoma, non-invasive. Mature teratoma of the testes in adults is malignant and reportable as 9080/3.

Urine cytology positive for malignancy is reportable for diagnosis in 2013 forward, except when a subsequent biopsy of a urinary site is negative

Report the following intraepithelial neoplasms as in situ (behavior code 2):

Vulvar intraepithelial neoplasia III (VIN III) Vaginal intraepithelial neoplasia III (VAIN III) Anal intraepithelial neoplasm III (AIN III)

The above intraepithelial neoplasms are reportable by agreement in Washington State (*Class of Case 34 or 36*) but not to CoC.

The following intraepithelial neoplasms are not reportable:

Cervical intraepithelial neoplasia (CIN III) **after 01/01/1996**Prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia (PIN III) **after 01/01/2001** 

## Some reportable vs non-reportable clarifications:

Basal cell carcinomas and squamous cell carcinomas of the skin are not reportable, except when they are diagnosed in the labia, clitoris, vulva, prepuce, penis, anus (C210-C211) or scrotum, i.e. the primary site is not *(C44.\_)*. Basal and squamous cell carcinomas are reportable if they are located on the vermillion/vermillion border, lip, frenulum, commissure and/or other mucosal surfaces. Please refer to the SEER Program Coding and Staging Manual and or *SINQ* (20150020; 20140040; 20091013; 20051049; 2003110) for additional information and examples.

\*Carcinoid, NOS of the appendix (8240/3) is reportable. As of 01/01/2015, the ICD-0-3 behavior code changed from /1 to /3 \*\* Refer to Case Reportability Instructions in the SEER Hematopoietic and Lymphoid Database. The rules, guidelines, and the Hematopoietic Database follow the World Health Organization (WHO) Classification of Tumours of Hematopoietic and Lymphoid Tissues. 4th ed.

\*\*\* The exceptions are microscopic thymoma or thymoma benign (8580/0), micronodular thymoma with lymphoid stroma (8580/1), and ectopic hamartomatous thymoma (8587/0).

Reportable Ambiguous Terms	Non-reportable Ambiguous Terms
Apparent(ly)	Cannot be ruled out
Appears	Equivocal
Comparable with	Possible
Compatible/Compatible with	Potentially malignant
Consistent with	Questionable
Favor(s)	Rule out
Malignant appearing	Suggests
Most Likely	Worrisome
Presumed	
Probable	
Suspect(ed)	
Suspicious (for)	
Typical (of)	

**Note**: If the cytology is reported using any of these ambiguous terms and neither a positive biopsy nor a physician's clinical impression supports the cytology findings, do not consider as diagnostic of cancer.

**Note:** Do not substitute synonyms such as "supposed" for "presumed" or "equal" for "comparable." Do not substitute "likely" for "most likely." Use only the exact words on the list.