Vibrio parahaemolyticus Training: Control Plan Requirements

Office of Environmental Health and Safety January 2017



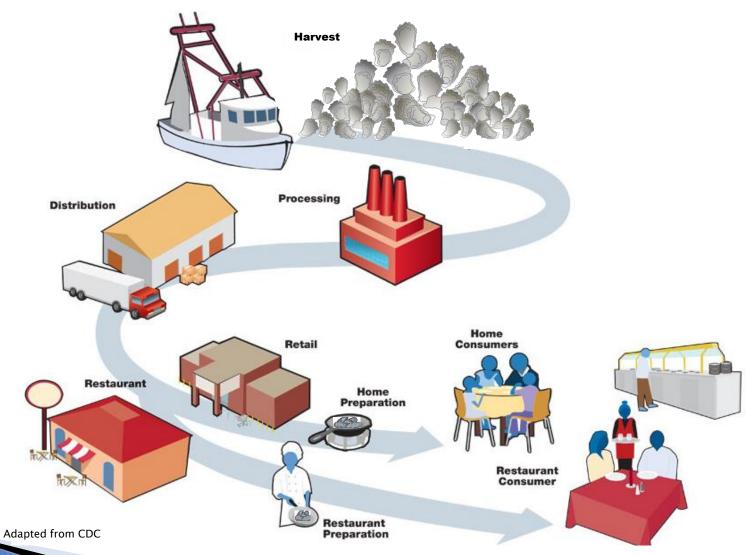
Training Overview

- Foodborne Illness
- Vibrio parahaemolyticus
- Model Ordinance Requirements
- Control Plan Revision
- Control Plan Requirements
- Compliance
- Harvest Plans
- Q&A





Food Contamination

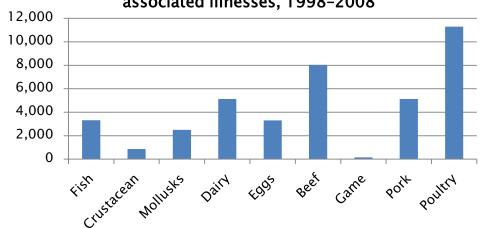




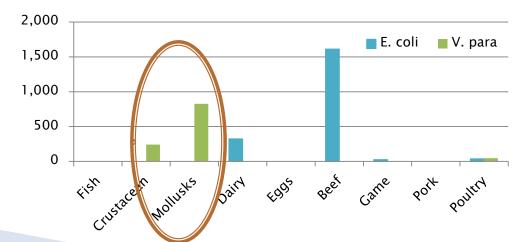
Foodborne Illness

- According to the CDC:
 - 48 million people get sick with a foodborne illness each year in the U.S.
 - 128,000 people are hospitalized
 - 3,000 people die of foodborne diseases





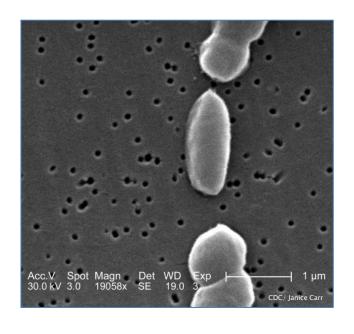
Number of E.Coli and V. para disease outbreak-associated illnesses, 1998-2008





Vibrio parahaemolyticus

- Naturally-occurring bacteria
- Common in warm marine and estuarine environments
- Illnesses usually caused by eating raw or undercooked shellfish



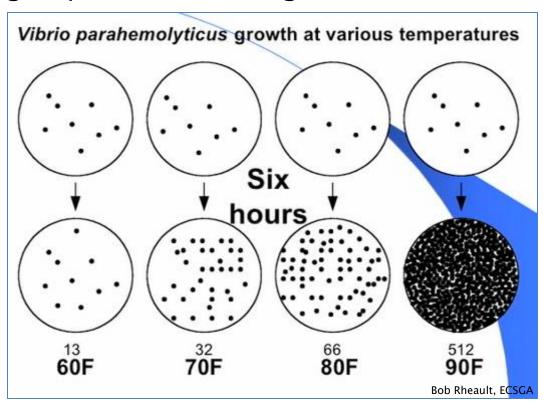
Symptoms	Onset	Duration
Watery diarrhea, abdominal cramping, nausea, vomiting, and fever	4-96 hours	2-5 days



Vibrio parahaemolyticus

Continued

- Highly temperature dependent
 - Post-harvest cooling important to limit growth
- Many strains, only some cause illness
- Genetic markers to identify presence and likelihood to cause illness
 - t/h
 - tdh
 - trh



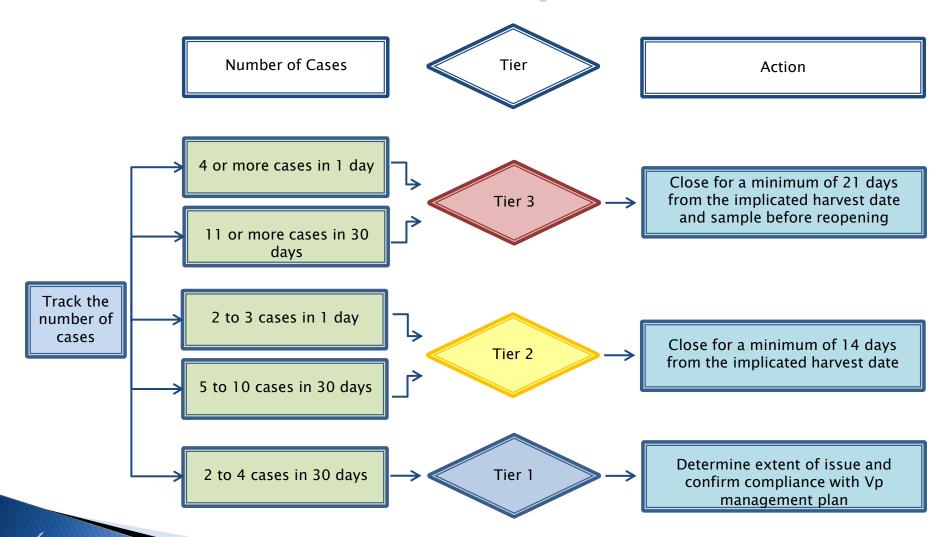


MO Control Plan Requirements

- Required for all states that have a risk of Vibrio parahaemolyticus—associated illnesses
- Goal is to reduce the likelihood of Vibrio parahaemolyticus illnesses during periods historically associated with illnesses
- Control plan requirements are in addition to NSSP Model Ordinance requirements



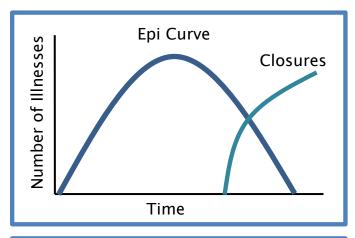
Additional MO Requirements

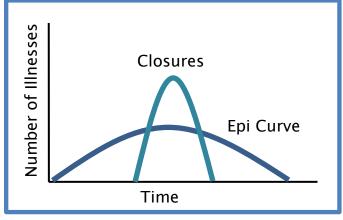




Intent of Control Plan Revision

- Prevent Vibrio parahaemolyticusassociated illnesses
- Move towards a proactive management approach
- Base controls on risk and environmental conditions
- Align Washington's Control Plan with the national requirements







Control Plan Rule Revision: Changes

Component	Current Control Plan
Shucked meats	Exempt shucked meats and post harvest processed oysters
Shellfish production data	Requirement to report
Growing area categories	Risk level (historic illness trend)
Time of harvest to	Cooling (reaching and maintaining 50°F)
Time reduction and closure	Air temperature threshold and
	Harvest (water or tissue) temperature threshold
Closure period	24 hours



- Establishes control plan
- Establishes control months
 - May 1 through September 30
- Requirements in addition to the National Shellfish Sanitation Program Model Ordinance



- Exempts oysters harvested and delivered to a certified shucker packer for:
 - Shucking or
 - Postharvest processing (PHP)
- Requires harvest tag stating:
 - "For shucking by a certified dealer" or
 - "For PHP by a certified dealer"



- Single-source Vibrio parahaemolyticus case or case: a laboratory-confirmed Vibrio parahaemolyticus-associated illness or illnesses with a common exposure that are reported to the department. The case must be:
 - Associated with commercially harvested shellstock;
 - Not involve documented postharvest abuse; and
 - Traced back to a single growing area.
- Control months: May 1st through September 30th
- Cool or cooling:
 - Adequately ice or place in a controlled environment with a temperature of 45°F (7.2°C) or less; and
 - Reach and maintain an internal oyster tissue temperature of 50°F (10°C) or less
- Harvest temperature: the water temperature or internal oyster tissue temperature at the time of harvest



- Requirement to report oyster landings data by:
 - Month (May-September only),
 - Oyster species,
 - Size class for Pacific oysters, and
 - Growing area
- SS and SP licensees report by December 31st each year
- If landings are not reported, may not harvest oysters during the control months next year



Oyster Production Reporting – Sample Form

Oyster Production Report Use this form to organize oyster production in Company Name preparation for reporting to Washington Department of Health. Remember the production survey must be Company License Number completed by all shellstock shipper (SS) and shucker packer (SP) licensees that harvest or purchase oysters directly from a licensed harvester (HA) for half-shell sales. Oysters harvested or sold for shucked meat or post-harvest processing (PHP) should not be reported. **Growing Area** Oysters purchased from another dealer (SS or SP) should not be reported to avoid double-counting. May June July August September Pacific (up to 3") Pacific (3" to 4") Pacific (more than 4") Kumamoto Olympia Virginica Other



- Harvest plan should:
 - Describe harvest, temperature collection, cooling, and conveyance methods
 - Include example of harvest temperature record
 - Identify harvest temperature as water temperature or internal oyster temperature
- Submit to DOH by March 1st each year unless no changes have been made
 - Sign and date if no changes made
- May not harvest oysters in the control months without an approved harvest plan



Harvest Plan - Sample Form

Windowskie State Department of Health	Office of Environmental Health and Safety						
747 22011111	Shellfish Company						
Harvest Plan for Vibrio Parahaemolyticus Control Months							
(For Office Use Only) (For Office Use Only)							
Date Received	Reviewed By:						
	Assigned Inspector						
	Approved by						
1							
Company Information:							
Company Name/							
Certification							
Number:							
Point of Contact:	Phone:						
E-mail:							
4. Dansas is absent becaused and understands the	ha an animana ata af tha Marahin atau Chata Mihain						
 Person in charge has read and understands to parahaemolyticus control plan found in WAC 2 							
Yes							
□ No							
2. Person in charge has attended Washington S	tate <i>Vibrio parahaemolyticus</i> training offered by						
Department of Health? □Yes							
No – If no date scheduled to attend	1						
3. Will you be harvesting product or purchasing	product from a licensed harvester or dealer?						
Harvesting complete question 4-8	production a mornous marrooter of dealer:						
Purchasing complete questions 8-1 Both harvesting and purchasing co							
Both harvesting and purchasing co	Implete question 4-10						



- Cooling requirements and harvest controls are based on risk categorization
- Risk categories are based on cases attributed to the area
- Cases are attributed to a growing area when they:
 - Are associated with commercially harvested shellstock;
 - Did not involve documented postharvest abuse;
 - Are traced back to a single growing area; and
 - Occurred during the previous consecutive five-year period within the control months
- Growing areas in Willapa Bay and Grays Harbor were initially categorized in the lowest risk category



- Category 1:
 - Average of 0.2, or fewer cases.
- Category 2:
 - Average of more than 0.2, but fewer than one cases.
- Category 3:
 - Average of one or more cases.

Category 2	Category 3
Burley Lagoon	Hammersley Inlet
Dabob Bay	Henderson Inlet
Henderson Bay	Pickering Passage
Hood Canal 1	Totten Inlet*
Hood Canal 5	
Hood Canal 6	
Nahcotta*	
Nisqually Reach*	
Oakland Bay	
Peale Passage	
Samish Bay	
Skookum Inlet	
Stony Point*	



Control Plan Requirements: Subsection 11: Category 1:

Requirements:	Time to Cooling:
Except as noted below, the time of harvest to cooling requirement from June 1st through September 30th is:	9 hours
When ambient air temperature at harvest is greater than 90°F, the time of harvest to cooling requirement is:	7 hours
When harvest temperature is between 68°F and 70°F from July 1st through August 31st, the time of harvest to cooling requirement is:	
	5 hours

Harvest Control: From July 1st through August 31st, harvest is not allowed for twenty-four hours when harvest temperature is above 70°F.



Control Plan Requirements: Subsection 11: Category 2:

Requirements:	Time to Cooling
Except as noted below, the time of harvest to cooling	
requirement from May 1st through September 30th is:	7 hours
When ambient air temperature at harvest is greater than 85°F, the time of harvest to cooling requirement is:	
ob i, the time of harvest to cooming requirement is.	5 hours
When harvest temperature is between 66°F and 68°F from July 1st through August 31st, the time of harvest to cooling requirement is:	
	3 hours

Harvest Control: From July 1st through August 31st, harvest is not allowed for twenty-four hours when harvest temperature is above 68°F.



Control Plan Requirements: Subsection 11: Category 3:

Requirements:	Time to Cooling
Except as noted below, time of harvest to cooling requirement from May 1st through September 30th is:	
requirement from May 1st tillough september soth is.	5 hours
When ambient air temperature at harvest is greater than 80°F, the time of harvest to cooling requirement is:	
oo i, the time of harvest to cooming requirement is.	3 hours
When harvest temperature is between 64°F and 66°F from July 1st through August 31st, the time of harvest to cooling requirement is:	
	1 hour

Harvest Control: From July 1st through August 31st, harvest is not allowed for twenty-four hours when harvest temperature is above 66°F.



- Harvest temperature record:
 - Time and location of harvest
 - Air temperature
 - Harvest temperature
- Verify thermometer weekly or use method approved in harvest plan



Harvest Temperature Record – Sample Form

Harvest Date	Harvest Time	Harvest Area	Risk Category*	Area Open Y/N	Proper Tag Y/N	Air Temp at Time of	Internal Tissue /	Со	ooling	
						Harvest*	Water Temp at Harvest	Time	Temp.	
							Τ			



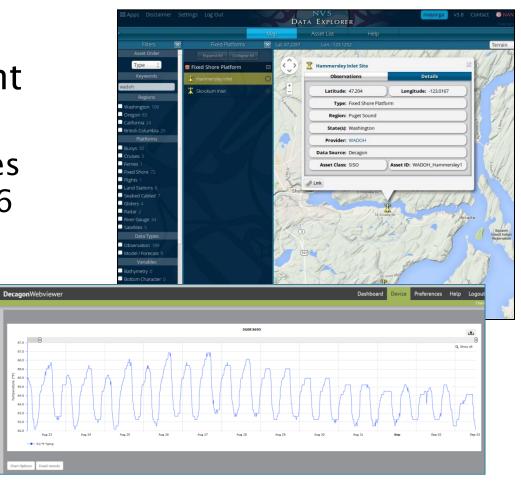
Verification Record - Sample Form

me & Type of ermometer being alibrated	METHOD OF CALIBRATION	uired Weekly) TEMPERATURE AFTER 2- MINUTES	VARIANCE	Corrections Made
of ermometer being	Метнор OF	TEMPERATURE AFTER 2-	Variance	Corrections Made
				λ
) ′
7				



Temperature Data Resources

- Finalize data sensor deployment and visualization
 - Deployed at 17 sites in 2015, 15 in 2016
 - Deploy at least 1 device in all category 2 and 3 risk areas





2015 Cellular data-loggers on NANOOS

http://nvs.nanoos.org/ShellfishGrowers

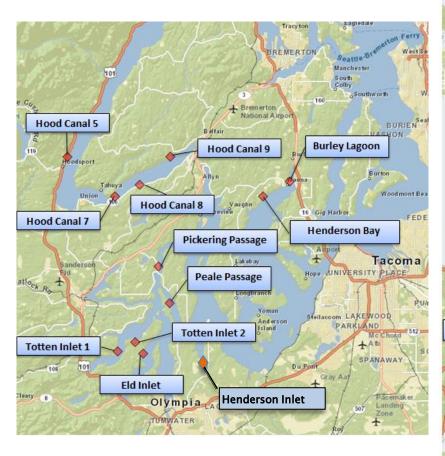


Decagon Remote Logger Em50G



ES-2 Water and Salinity

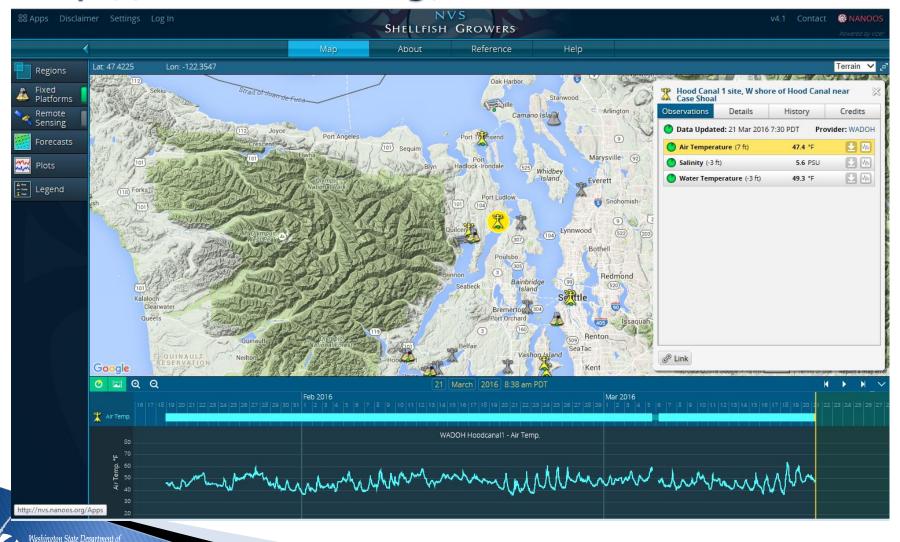








Cellular data-loggers on NANOOS http://nvs.nanoos.org/ShellfishGrowers



- Cool oysters as quickly as possible, ensure maximum allowed hours are not exceeded
- If cooling requirements are not met:
 - Destroy,
 - Place oysters in an approved growing area and allow at least 14 days before reharvesting
 - Deliver oysters to a certified shucker packer for shucking or PHP and attach a harvest tag meeting the requirements in subsection (2)



- If ownership of oysters is transferred prior to the oysters being cooled, include in the harvest record:
 - Air and harvest temperatures;
 - Date, time, and person or entity to whom the oysters were transferred; and
 - Growing area risk category for the harvested product
- The receiving shellfish dealer shall meet the time of harvest to cooling requirements



Transfer Record - Sample Form

Transfer Records

All Vibrio parahaemolyticus products being transferred from a harvester to a dealer must have a transfer record or transportation document.

This document must have the following information (example below):

- a. The date of harvest.
- The time of harvest (time the first oyster was removed from the water or exposed to the air by the receding tide).
- c. The air temperature at the time of harvest.
- d. The water temperature at the depth of the oysters or an internal meat temperature of the product being harvested.
- e. The risk category for the harvest area.

Phone [599] 355-0196] Fax [(509) 353-0191] TO: Phone Phone Phone [Street Address] [City, NT ZEP Code] [Phone	FOR: (Project or service descriptor (P.O. #)		OCTOBER 9, 20
DESCRIPTION	HOURS	BATE	APROUNT
Hanvest date: 7/11/15 Hanvest Time: 6:00 am Air Tamp: 6:07 Valest Tamp: 6:07 Rist: Category: 3			
		TOTAL	
Make all checks payable to [Your Company Mame,] Total due in 15 days. Overdue accounts subject to a service Thank you	charge of 1% per month. u for your business!		



- Complete an initial training prior to harvesting or shipping oysters during the control months
- Complete a refresher training within one year following rule revision or at least every five years
- Those responsible for the on-site management of harvest activities must be trained by either:
 - Harvesters and shellfish dealers at their operation who completed the department-approved training, or
 - The department
- Record those trained in operational records



- May request a waiver from a requirement of this section
- Waiver request must:
 - Be in writing, identify the requirement requested to be waived, state the reason for the waiver, provide supporting information
- DOH may grant the request if it:
 - Is consistent with applicable standards and the intent of this section
 - Provides a comparable level of public health protection



The department shall review this section to evaluate the effectiveness of the rules and determine areas where revisions may be necessary by October 2017.



Timeline of Important Dates

Risk categories announced Harvest plan due

January							
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	
				1	2	3	
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
25	26	27	28	29	30	31	

February							
			We				
			4				
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	

March						
			We			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

April							
Su	Mo Tu		We	Th	Fr	Sa	
			1	2	3	4	
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
26	27	28	29	30			







August							
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	
						1	
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
30	31						

Control plan months begi

September					October							
lo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
	1	2	3	4	5					1	2	3
7	8	9	10	11	12	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
4	15	16	17	18	19	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
21	22	23	24	25	26	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
8	29	30				25	26	27	28	29	30	31

November						
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					





Production data due

Compliance:

- Harvesters:
- M.O. VIII. .01
 - G. Shellstock Temperature Control
 - (1) All harvesters shall comply with the applicable time to temperature requirements of
 - (a) State V.v. and V.p. Control Plans outlined in Chapter II. @.06 and @.07
- Dealers (SS/SP):
- M.O. XI,XIII. .01
 - A. Receiving Critical Control Point Critical Limits.
 - (1) The dealer shall ship/shuck and pack only shellstock obtained from a licensed harvester who has:
 - (c) Harvested the shellstock in compliance with the time temperature requirements of Chapter VIII. @.02 A. (1), (2), or (3) as determined from records supplied by the harvester described in Chapter VIII. .02 G. (2) [C].



Compliance

- Companies must have a harvest plan prior to Vibrio season.
- Companies must maintain records required by the Vibrio plan. Dealers these records are HACCP records.
- DOH inspectors will work with companies to refine their plan and records throughout the first season.
- Companies will be required to submit Vibrio product landings data by Dec. 31st every year.
- Companies must have department approved harvest plan prior to March 1st and have submitted previous year landings data to be authorized to harvest oysters for raw consumption during Vibrio season.



Contact Information

Name	Phone	Email
Darin Klein	360-236-3341	Darin.Klein@doh.wa.gov
Rob Banes	360-236-3312	Rob.Banes@doh.wa.gov
Cari Franz-West	360-236-3326	Cari.Franz-West@doh.wa.gov
Jeff Noelle	360-236-3343	Jeff.Noelle@doh.wa.gov
Ben Schenk	360-236-3356	Ben.Schenk@doh.wa.gov
Rebecca Stephany	360-236-33	Rebecca.Stephany@doh.wa.gov
Curtis Villa	360-236-33	Curtis.Villa@doh.wa.gov
Clara Hard	360-236-3314	Clara.Hard@doh.wa.gov



