### Genetic Counseling Resources for Hemoglobin Disorders and Traits

## Western Washington

Eastside Maternal Fetal Medicine 1135 116<sup>th</sup> Ave E, Suite 320 **Bellevue**, WA 98004 Phone: (425)-688-8111 Fax: (425)-688-8110

Evergreen Hospital Medical Center Maternal-Fetal Medicine 12333 NE 130<sup>th</sup> Ln, #230 Kirkland, WA 98034 Phone: (425) 899-2200 Fax: (425) 889-2210

Children's Hospital and Regional Medical Center – Medical Genetics Clinic

4800 Sand Point Way NE/ PO Box 5371, M2-9 Seattle, WA 98105-0371 Phone: (206) 987-2056 Fax: (206) 987-2495

Columbia Health Center 4400 - 37th South Seattle, WA 98118 Phone: (206) 296-4650 Fax: (206) 205-6075

Genetic Services

201 16<sup>th</sup> Ave E Mailstop CMB-5 **Seattle**, WA 98112 Phone: (206) 326-3111 Fax: (206) 326-2010 (For members only)

Odessa Brown Sickle Cell Clinic 2101 E. Yesler Way

 Seattle, WA
 98122

 Message:
 (206) 987-7290

 Appointment:
 (206) 987-7232

 Fax:
 (206) 329-9764

Swedish Medical Center Perinatal Medicine 1229 Madison Nordstrom Tower, Ste. 750 Seattle, WA 98104 Phone: (206)-386-2101

University of Washington Medical Center

Medical Genetics Clinic Box 357720 1959 NE Pacific Street Seattle, WA 98195-7720 Phone: (206) 598-4030 Fax: (206) 598-3269 University of Washington Medical Center Prenatal Genetics and Fetal Therapy Box 356159

1959 NE Pacific Street **Seattle**, WA 98195 Phone: (206) 598-8130 Fax: (206) 598-2359

Madigan Army Medical Center
Developmental Pediatrics
Bldg 9040 Fitzsimmons Drive
Tacoma, WA 98432
Scheduling Phone: (253) 968-3043
Genetic Counselor's phone: (253) 968-1389
Fax: (253) 968-0384
(Services limited to Armed Services personnel

Mary Bridge Sickle Cell Clinic P.O. Box 5299

**Tacoma**, WA 98415-0299 Phone: (253) 403-3476 Fax: (253) 403-8674

and their dependents)

MultiCare Regional Maternal-Fetal Medicine 314 Martin Luther King Jr. Way Suite # 402

**Tacoma**, WA 98405 Phone: (253) 403-9205 Fax: (253) 403-9201

### **Eastern Washington**

Inland NW Genetics Clinic in the Tri-Cities
7221 W. Deschutes, Suite D
Kennewick, WA 99336
Phone: (509)-535-2278

**Kennewick**, WA 99336 Phone: (509)-535-2278 Fax: (509)-535-7502

Inland NW Genetics Clinic in Moses Lake 1550 South Pioneer Way Moses Lake. WA 90937

Moses Lake, WA 90937 Phone: (509) 535-2278 Fax: (509) 535-7502

Kadlec Medical Center 712 Swift Blvd, Suite 1 Richland, WA 99352 Phone: (509) 942-2821 Fax: (509) 943-1497

Inland Northwest Genetics Clinic 2607 Southeast Blvd #A100 **Spokane**, WA 99223 Phone: (509) 535-2278 Fax: (509) 535-7502 Blue Mountain Genetics Clinic 320 Willow Street

320 Willow Street **Walla Walla**, WA 99362 Phone: (509) 525-1302 Fax: (509) 522-9448

Central Washington Hospital-Genetics Program 1201 South Miller

Wenatchee, WA 98807-1887 Phone: (509) 667-3350 Fax: (509) 665-6259

Central Washington Genetics Program Children's Village

3801 Kern Rd Yakima, WA 98902 Phone: (509) 574-3260 Fax: (509) 574-3210

### Oregon

Center for Genetics & Maternal – Fetal Medicine 1200 Hilyard, Ste 510 Eugene, OR 97401 Phone: (541) 349-7600

Kaiser Permanente Department of Genetics 3325 N. Interstate Ave. Portland, OR 97227 Phone: (503) 331-6593

Toll Free: 1-800-813-2000 ext 16-6593

 $(For\ members\ only)$ 

Legacy Emanuel Hospital & Health Center Center for Maternal-Fetal Medicine 300 N. Graham Street, Ste 100 Portland, OR 97227 Phone: (503) 413-1122 Toll Free: 1-800-452-7032 ext 31122

Northwest Perinatal Center 9701 SW Barnes Road, Ste 299 Portland, OR 97225 Phone: (503) 297-3660

Oregon Health Sciences University Prenatal Diagnosis and Counseling 3181 SW Sam Jackson Park Road Portland, OR 97239 Phone: (503) 418-4200

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# Hemoglobin S Trait

Information for parents about sickle cell trait

# What is hemoglobin?

Hemoglobin is the part of blood that carries oxygen to all parts of the body. The usual type of hemoglobin is called hemoglobin A. Genes that we inherit from our parents determine what type of hemoglobin we have.

# What is hemoglobin S trait?

Hemoglobin S trait, also know as sickle cell trait, means that your child has inherited one gene for the usual hemoglobin (A) from one parent and one gene for hemoglobin S from the other parent. Hemoglobin S or sickle cell trait is very common and does not cause any health problems. Your child will not need any medicine or treatment for S trait. S trait is not contagious and can never turn into sickle cell disease.

# Why was my child tested for S trait?

The Newborn Screening Program screens all infants born in Washington State for certain disorders, including hemoglobin disorders. A small amount of blood was collected from your infant's heel and sent to the State Laboratory for testing. Other abnormal hemoglobin types are also detected.

# If S trait does not cause any health problems, why do I need to know that my child has it?

It is important to know about hemoglobin S trait because future children in your family, or other family members, may be at risk for having sickle cell disease, a very serious disease described on the next page. People with sickle cell trait can pass the sickle cell gene to their children.

### What is sickle cell disease?

Your child does not have sickle cell disease, but future children and other family members may be at risk for having it. When a person has sickle cell disease, they do not inherit any of the usual hemoglobin A; they inherit two S hemoglobin genes, one from each parent. There are other types of sickle cell disease, but this is the most common type. Sickle cell disease is a very serious illness requiring medical care. There is currently no universal cure.

# What do I do now?

We strongly recommend that you and your partner have testing to determine your sickle cell status. This would provide you with information on your chances of having a future child with sickle cell disease. To have this testing done, talk to your health care provider or one of the genetic counselors listed on the back of this pamphlet. We also recommend that you share this information with teh rest of your family. They may be interested in finding out their sickle cell status as well.

# What can I do if I have more questions?

If you have more questions, you can talk to your child's health care provider or you can contact the Newborn Screening Program using the information below.

Newborn Screening Program 1610 NE 150th Street Shoreline, WA 98155 Phone: (206) 418-5410 Toll Free 1-866-660-9050

Email: NBS.Prog@doh.wa.gov Internet: www.doh.wa.gov/nbs

