2017-19 Biennium Budget Decision Package

FINAL

Agency:	303	Department of Health
Decision Package Code/Title:	E2	Address MQAC Staff Shortages
Budget Period:	2017-2019	
Budget Level:	PL – Performance Level	

Agency Recommendation Summary Text:

Due to increased workload and the ability to quickly address potential patient harm, the Medical Quality Assurance Commission (MQAC) must add and shift staffing resources. The MQAC requests additional spending authority for the 17-19 biennium of \$2,604,000 in 02G Health Professions account and 14.6 FTE to fund legislative mandates added in the 2011 session that were never funded and address historical workload not accounted for in organizational measurement.

Fiscal Summary: Decision package total dollar and FTE cost/savings by year, by fund, for 4 years. Additional fiscal details are required below.

Operating Expenditures	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Fund 02G-1	1,323,000	1,281,000	1,281,000	1,281,000
Total Cost	1,323,000	1,281,000	1,281,000	1,281,000
Staffing	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
FTEs	14.6	14.5	14.5	14.5
Revenue	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Object of Expenditure	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
A- Salaries & Wages	847,000	841,000	841,000	841,000
B- Employee Benefits	297,000	295,000	295,000	295,000
E -Goods & Services	124,000	122,000	122,000	122,000
J- Equipment	32,000	0	0	0
T- Intra-Agency Reimb	23,000	23,000	23,000	23,000

Package Description

Operations and Licensing:

The Medical Commission's Licensing's workload has steadily increased; yet staffing levels have not been addressed. Workload has increased 60 percent over fiscal year 2016 (FY16). At the end of FY16, MQAC will have issued more licenses than ever before. Further, the number of Physician

Assistant – Certified (PA-C) delegation agreements has tripled over the past two years. To accommodate these workload increases, the Medical Commission requires the following:

- 1.0 FTE Health Service Consultant 4 (HSC4) position. More complex work requires enhanced oversight and this position will manage the unit as well as provide outreach and education to the various credentialing organizations of health practitioners around the state and nationally. This outreach and education will result in reduced call volumes, a reduction in technical assistance and applications that need to be corrected, streamlining the applications received from professional organizations.
- 1.0 FTE Health Services Consultant 1 (HSC1) to handle the increased workload.
- 1.0 FTE Forms and Records Analyst 1 (FRA1) to address the increase in PA delegation agreements and new demographic census response.

Contracts and Reconsiderations:

The Medical Commission received an unfunded mandate in 2011 as a result of ESHB 1493 codified in RCW 18.130.057, which added a formal "reconsideration" step to the complaint and investigation processes. This step increased the public disclosure and case file requests, required another review by a Medical Commission panel and greatly increased customer interaction. The process has generated over 270 requests to date for file and complaint reconsideration, each of which must be scrutinized to verify the existence of new information. Based on data gathered over 3.5 years, the Medical Commission completed 198 reconsiderations compared to an average of 12 for all other DOH boards or commissions during the same time frame. The Medical Commission can no longer maintain its current level of customer service. The Medical Commission is requesting the following:

- 1.0 FTE Forms and Records Analyst 1 (FRA1) to process the expanding number of requests and reconsiderations received in a timely manner.
- 0.5 FTE (WMS 2) to adequately address the legally sensitive workload.
- 1.0 FTE Health Services Consultant 3 (HSC3) to process the contracts for the ever increasing need for expert witnesses. The Commission has doubled the number of cases charged for disciplinary action requiring an expert witness review. The funding for these contracts was addressed in the previous biennium, but the staffing requirement was not.

Investigations and Compliance:

Medical investigations have grown more complex as hospitals merge, more systems convert to electronic medical record use and more patients enter the health care system as consistent users. Complaints are taking longer to investigate (up an average of 30 days since 2013) and frequently require supplemental investigation as new facts emerge. Opioid prescribing cases are often lengthy and complex investigations. If the Medical Commission cannot increase the rate it gathers and synthesizes information, it places patient safety at risk.

Another important, but underfunded mission of the Medical Commission is to ensure discipline practitioners follow through with their ordered sanctions. To ensure practitioners are in compliance, the Medical Commission uses investigators to audit patient records and conduct practice reviews of practitioners under discipline. These quarterly reviews include office visits, inspections, chart reviews

and interviews of staff. All 198 practitioners in the compliance program must comply with these practice reviews. This extremely important compliance aspect has never been funded, but as more practitioners are disciplined, the Medical Commission can no longer sustain this workload. As a result, we are requesting the following:

- 0.5 FTE Physician (WMS MD) to provide oversight and medical expertise to the compliance unit.
- 1.0 FTE Health Care Investigator (HCI4) to adequately address supervisory ratios and provide specialized support for clinical investigations.
- 1.0 FTE Health Care Investigator (HCI3) clinical position to address the increase investigative workload. A clinical investigator is required to apply their knowledge to the increased number of standard of care investigations.
- 1.0 FTE Forms and Records Analyst 2 (FRA2) to address the increase in work associated with the Supreme Court's Wade Gun Shop decision and to help transition to a paperless environment.

Legal Services

The Medical Commission is not meeting performance targets with current staffing levels in the Legal Unit. In FY 16, the Legal Unit's workload increase 53 percent in disciplinary actions; 70 percent in agreed stipulations and doubled the number of stipulations served on practitioners. However, legal staffing levels have not kept pace with this increase in workload. The Medical Commission has 87 cases over timelines that need to be charged to ensure patient safety. Further, staff attorneys have historically not had the support required to keep up with of the volume of pleadings that need drafting and the Medical Commission has never had the proper levels of paraprofessional or clerical support as it was not addressed during the pilot project that ended in 2013. This shortage of experienced paralegals and legal assistants required the staff attorney to become the draftsmen, completely monopolizing their time and preventing them from completing the case disposition process within the designated timeframe. The Medical Commission is requesting the following:

- 1.0 FTE Legal Assistant 2 position
- 1.0 FTE Paralegal 3 position

For the 2017-19 biennium estimated expenditures include salary, benefits, and related costs for 3.6 FTE to assist with administrative workload activities. These activities, necessary to manage day-today business needs include: policy and legislative relations; information technology; budget and accounting services; human resources; contracts; procurement, risk management, and facilities management.

Contact Information:

Financial Operations – Steve Hodgson, (360) 236-4990 Subject Matter Expert: Jimi Bush, (360) 236-2738 **Base Budget:** If the proposal is an expansion or alteration of a current program or service, provide information on the resources now devoted to the program or service.

The Medical Quality Assurance Commission received \$14 million dollars in appropriation and 50.0 FTE for the 15-17 biennium. This request for additional expenditure authority for the 17-19 biennium is to fund legislative mandates added in the 2010-2011 and address this staffing request.

Decision Package expenditure, FTE and revenue assumptions, calculations and details: Agencies must clearly articulate the workload or policy assumptions used in calculating expenditure and revenue changes proposed

The FTE estimates are as follows:

- 1. 2.5 FTE to support SHB 1493
- 2. 3.0 FTE to support credentialing growth
- 3. 3.5 FTE to support investigations
- 4. 2.0 FTE to legal services

Item 1: When the fiscal note for SHB 1493 was generated in 2011, the Department of Health assumed there would no fiscal impact as a result of increasing transparency for health professions. However, this bill has generated an unsustainable workload in additional reconsiderations of complaint requests decisions and reviews. The Attorney General's Office (AGO) fiscal estimated that these requests and reviews would create an additional workload and judicial reviews. MQAC staffing assumptions for the 2017-2019 biennium mirror the assumption the AGO provided for the 2011-2013 biennium. It specifically requested 1.3 FTEs for 2011-2013 to address this workload.

Items 2-4: MQAC made its staffing assumptions for the 2017-2019 biennium on benchmarking. It used performance measure data from 2012-2013, when the Commission performance was at an alltime high and created benchmarks that could be applied to the current workforce. It compared the workload of 2012-13 to 2015-16 and the staffing levels from the same periods. It identified where staff have not grown in proportion to the workload, and compared that to associated performance measures. Applying the benchmarks to the ratio of hours worked per employee provided the information the Medical Commission required to make informed assumptions regarding its future state staffing needs.

Revenue assumptions:

Revenue balances for the Commission continue to increase due to the growth in the medical professions licensing. Beginning balance revenue for the 2017-19 biennium estimates \$6 million in addition to the current level.

Decision Package Justification and Impacts.

What specific performance outcomes does the agency expect?

Describe and quantify the specific performance outcomes the agency expects as a result of this funding change.

Licensing:

The requested staffing will enable the Medical Commission to: (1) process license applications faster and more accurately and (2) increase the number of delegation agreements that can be processed in a given month. This additional staff will help reduce processing time, which will enable physicians and physician assistants to address patient needs faster.

Investigations:

Standard of care investigations account for almost 65 percent of investigations. Standard of care investigations require clinically trained investigators. Completing relevant practice reviews requires clinical expertise. The additional staff will allow the Investigations unit to focus on completing investigations faster, address the needs of the complainant and identify unsafe practitioners sooner.

Legal Services:

Over the past fiscal year, the legal unit could not meet their performance measure target. With an average of 28.5 percent of open cases over timelines, it is clear that our staff attorneys are spending too much time on clerical work. Additional support staff and paralegals will help the legal unit meet its existing performance measure targets.

Compliance:

Additional staff in the compliance unit will enable the Medical Commission to begin tracking key performance indicators of disciplined practitioners. The additional staff will work to identify performance measures to proactively detect practitioners who are not following their disciplinary sanctions which pose further harm to patients. Further, additional staff will enable the compliance unit to research recidivism rates, proactively educate practitioners before harm occurs, track overdue compliance deliverables, overdue practice reviews and monitor respondents throughout their years-long compliance journey.

Performance Measure detail:

Relation to Agency Strategic Plan and Results WA:

A015 activity addressing: Consumer and Patient Safety

Agency Strategic Plan: Goal 3: Ensure health equity and improve population health Objective 2: Implement public health elements of Healthier Washington, Washington's approach to health system transformation and innovation. Results Washington: Goal 4: Healthy & Safe Communities Fully describe and quantify expected impacts on state residents and specific populations served.

Performance Measure		FY16	FY17 (Projected)			
Delegation	Elapsed days from receiving a delegation	9 Days	5 Days			
Agreements	agreement to its final approval					
Description	Delegation agreements have constantly increased on	Delegation agreements have constantly increased on a quarterly basis. Currently it				
	takes an average of eight (8) days to approve a deleg					
	modifications can constitute more than 30 days of a	dditional pro	cessing time. With			
	additional staff dedicated to only processing delegat	÷	•			
		approved and issued faster. The HSC4 position we will be used to educate the				
	physician assistant population on the correct method					
		delegation agreement to help eliminate revisions. This will specifically impact				
		Physician Assistants, increasing access to care for patients.				
2.2	Percent of cases in which the investigation step is	77.8%	81.5%			
	completed within 170 days					
Description	The target for this measure is completing 77 percent					
	days per RCW 18.71.430 (5) and WAC 246-14-050					
		can be completed quicker because a clinical investigator will have applied their				
	knowledge to the examination. Investigating compla		ally impacts public			
	safety. Unsafe practitioners pose a direct risk to pat					
2.3	Percent of cases in which the case disposition step	80.6%	83.5%			
	is completed within 140 days					
Description	The target for this measure is completing 77 percent of the legal actions practitioner in					
	less than 140 days per RCW 18.71.430 (5) and WAC 246-14-060. Completing legal					
• •	action on unsafe practitioners who pose a risk specif					
2.4	Percent of open cases currently in the investigation	11.8%	9.63%			
.	step that are over 170 days.					
Description	The target for this performance measure is to have no more than 23 percent of our					
	open investigation exceed 170 days. Additional clinical investigators will provide					
	resolutions to investigations in a timelier manner. The addition of the clinical					
		personnel will also help ensure that all appropriate facts are collected Taking too long				
	to investigate a case directly impacts public safety and unsafe practitioners pose a risk					
2.5	to patient safety.	29.12%	24.1%			
2.3	Percent of open cases currently in the case	29.12%	24.1%			
Degening 4	disposition step that are over 140 days	o more these	22 managent of organ			
Description	The target for this performance measure is to have no more than 23 percent of open					
	cases exceed 140 days in the case disposition step. Taking too much time to discipling practitioners directly impacts public safety. Unsafe practitioners pose a risk					
	discipline practitioners directly impacts public safety. Unsafe practitioners pose a risk					
	to patient safety and must be identified and resolved	swiftly.				

What are other important connections or impacts related to this proposal? Please complete the following table and provide detailed explanations or information below:

Impact(s) To:		Identify / Explanation
Regional/County impacts?	No	Identify:
Other local gov't impacts?	No	Identify:
Tribal gov't impacts?	No	ldentify:
Other state agency impacts?	No	ldentify:
Responds to specific task force, report, mandate or exec order?	No	Identify:
Does request contain a compensation change?	No	Identify:
Does request require a change to a collective bargaining agreement?	No	Identify:
Facility/workplace needs or impacts?	No	Identify:
Capital Budget Impacts?	No	Identify:
Is change required to existing statutes, rules or contracts?	No	ldentify:
Is the request related to or a result of litigation?	No	Identify lawsuit (please consult with Attorney General's Office):
Is the request related to Puget Sound recovery?	No	If yes, see budget instructions Section 14.4 for additional instructions
Identify other important connections		

Please provide a detailed discussion of connections/impacts identified above.

What alternatives were explored by the agency and why was this option chosen?

The alternative would be to reduce overall spending. This was not chosen because (1) the fund balance is available to support these expenditures and (2) the importance to public health to regulate, license, and investigate professions is paramount to patient safety.

What are the consequences of not funding this request?

If funding is not received for additional staff, the Medical Commission patient safety will suffer. Meeting case resolution timelines is essential to public safety. Based on these mission critical needs, several positions need to be added in order to meet required timelines immediately as well as to complete new legislatively mandated work that was never funded.

How has or can the agency address the issue or need in its current appropriation level?

The MQAC has sufficient revenue to fund this proposal; however, it is limited by its appropriation level.

Other supporting materials: Please attach or reference any other supporting materials or information that will help analysts and policymakers understand and prioritize your request.

Information technology: Does this Decision Package include funding for any IT-related costs, including hardware, software, services (including cloud-based services), contracts or IT staff?



□ Yes Continue to IT Addendum below and follow the directions on the bottom of the addendum to meet requirements for OCIO review.)