Considering Seeking Help from a Psychologist?

An Introductory Guide to Services a Licensed Psychologist May Provide and Your Rights as a Client The Washington State Examining Board of Psychology (board) invites you to take a few minutes to understand the qualifications of psychologists and your rights as a client.

What Is A Psychologist?

- In order to qualify as a psychologist, one must:
- Have a doctoral degree from a regionally accredited university.
- Have completed 3,300 hours of supervised experience.
- Have passed the national Examination of Professional Practice of Psychology.
- Have passed the board's jurisprudence examination, which tests psychologists on Washington state laws.

A licensed mental health counselor, licensed marriage and family therapist, or licensed social worker is not required to have the doctoral education, training or experience a licensed psychologist is required to complete. Licensed psychologists are also required to continue learning new concepts, approaches and skills, which the board monitors through continuing education audits.

Psychologists may specialize in clinical, consultative or research areas. Their doctoral programs are built on a foundation of scientific psychology with courses in social and biological bases of behavior. In addition, they have completed intensive study and research within a specialty.

Issues addressed by psychologists

Abuse: sexual, physical, emotional Eating disorders
Addiction: alcohol, drugs, gambling End of life care
AIDS and HIV Head injury

Anxiety Learning disabilities and problems

Attention deficit disorder Lifestyle issues

Autism Medical: cancer, stroke

Behavior problems Palliative care
Bullying Physical disabilities
Chronic pain Psychiatric disorders
Cognitive Issues: giftedness, limitations Separation, Divorce

Death and dying Sexuality

Depression Sexual dysfunction

Discrimination based on age, gener, race, Sports and Performance

ethnicity or sexual orientation

Services Provided by psychologists

Adoption assessment Group therapy
Alcohol and addiction counseling Hypnosis

Assessment and diagnosis Individual therapy

Bereavement counseling Mediation

Brief therapy Organizational consultation

Child in need of protective assessment Program evaluation

Cognitive retraining Pain control
Consultation Play therapy
Couple therapy Research

Crisis intervention Separation and divorce counseling

Custody and access assessment Sexual counseling

Desensitization training Smoking cessation counseling

Disability assessments Social skills training Educational counseling Stress management

Educational evaluation Treatment for abusive partners

Family therapy

Court reports and testifying may involve psychologists

Ability to parent Motor vehicle accidents

Child custody and access Parenting ability
Client functioning Psychological status

Diagnosis for psychiatric problem Psychosis

Coping styles Release on parole

Incapacity Sentencing
Intellectual ability Sexual abuse

Likelihood to re-offend Page 3

What is the Washington State Examining Board of Psychology?

The board is made up of seven psychologists and two public members appointed by the governor for five-year terms.

The board's overall mission is to protect consumers of psychological services. The board's specific functions include:

- Adopting rules that clarify and facilitate adherence to the law.
- Examining qualifications of applicants for licensure and determining whether people may be licensed as psychologists.
- Reviewing, investigating, and when necessary taking disciplinary action against psychologists based upon consumer complaints.

What are your rights as a client?

The laws and rules (Chapters 18.83 and 18.130 and chapter 246-924 WAC) that regulate psychologists are intended to protect the public by helping to ensure the competency of psychologists. These laws include client protections and rights. As a client you have the right to:

Disclosure: Before beginning a treatment program, expect to receive a written disclosure statement with general information about the psychologist's background, experience, theoretical orientation and approach to services. Fees and payment arrangements must be clearly stated. The statement must inform you that you may at any time refuse treatment or request a change in approach.

Treatment plan: Expect your psychologist to assess your needs and to develop a treatment plan based on psychological theory and research. You have a right to be informed about your treatment plan, to have input into it and to request changes.

Confidentiality: Your visits to a psychologist are generally privileged and may not be disclosed to any other person, unless you give consent.

Among notable exceptions are:

- If you are a danger to yourself or others.
- If the information involves the abuse of a child, developmentally disabled person or dependent adult.
- If your psychologist is required by a court to disclose information.

There are additional circumstances where information may be released without your authorization as stated in the Uniform Health Care Information Act (Chapter 70.02 RCW).

The details of confidentiality must be presented in the disclosure statement. Ask your psychologist to discuss this with you if you have questions.

Complaint process: The psychologist's disclosure statement must be clear regarding how any concerns you may have about services can be resolved and how to reach the Examining Board of Psychology if major concerns cannot be resolved. Laws (Chapter 18.130 RCW) provide for the investigation and resolution of complaints against psychologists.

What is unprofessional conduct?

The laws and rules pertaining to the practice of psychology in Washington establish what is unprofessional conduct by psychologists. For example, it is unprofessional conduct for your psychologist to:

- Be involved with you on a personal level, or to engage in a personal relationship outside of the office.
- Have sexual contact with you.
- Inappropriately reveal your confidences.
- Charge fees for services not provided, misrepresent services or charge excessive fees.
- Practice psychology while impaired by alcohol or drugs.

You may request a copy of relevant laws that specify unprofessional conduct and code of ethics from the board by calling 360-236-4700.

Be an informed and careful consumer

If you decide to seek psychological services, be sure the person is licensed. Carefully read the disclosure statement and have your questions answered

Be informed about the services you will be provided and understand that you may request changes or refuse services. Responsible licensed psychologists will be glad to answer your questions about their training, experience, office practice, assessment and treatment procedures, and will help you find another professional if you wish.

Contact the board at 360-236-4700 to confirm that a psychologist you are considering is licensed, if you have a concern or complaint, or if you would like a copy of the relevant laws. You may call the number above or see the Psychology webpage http://www.doh.wa.gov/LicensesPermitsandCertificates/ProfessionsNewReneworUpdate/ Psychologist.aspx.

You may check the licensing status of a specific psychologist or other health care professional on the Provider Credential Search at: http://www.doh.wa.gov/LicensesPermitsandCertificates/ProviderCredentialSearch.aspx.



For persons with disabilities, this document is available on request in other formats. To submit a request, please call 1-800-525-0127. (TTY/TDD 1-800-833-6388)